June 1, 2017

The Honorable Tom Wolf
Governor of Pennsylvania
225 Main Capitol Building
Harrisburg, PA 17102

Dear Governor Wolf:

As required by section 1730-L (3) of Act 46-2010, an act amending the act of April 9, 1929 (P L.343, No.176), known as The Fiscal Code, the Department of Revenue hereby submits to the Pennsylvania General Assembly the annual report concerning the Enhanced Revenue Collection Account (ERCA).

According to Act 46, the Department of Revenue shall furnish an annual report to the Governor, the Majority and Minority Chairs of the Appropriations Committee of the Senate, and the Majority and Minority Chairs of the Appropriations Committee of the House of Representatives by June 1 annually. The report provides a detailed breakdown of the Department’s administrative costs in implementing the program. The report also provides the total amount of revenue collected and refunds avoided by the program. These revenues are also broken down by tax type.

The $25.0 million investment in Revenue enforcement efforts generated $315.2 million through May 2017. The program surpassed its goal of $281.4 million in April 2017, generating a 1,161 percent return on the investment. At this pace, the program will have generated nearly $10 million in additional tax revenue per employee dedicated to the effort.

Sincerely,

C. Daniel Hassell
Acting Secretary of Revenue
June 1, 2017

Honorable Stan E. Saylor  
Chairman, Appropriations Committee  
House of Representatives  
245 Main Capitol Building  
PO Box 202094  
Harrisburg, PA 17120-2094

Honorable Patrick M. Browne  
Chairman, Appropriations Committee  
Senate of Pennsylvania  
281 Main Capitol Building  
Senate Box 203016  
Harrisburg, PA 17120-3016

Honorable Joseph F. Markosek  
Chairman, Appropriations Committee  
House of Representatives  
512E Main Capitol Building  
PO Box 202025  
Harrisburg, PA 17120-2025

Honorable Vincent J. Hughes  
Chairman, Appropriations Committee  
Senate of Pennsylvania  
545 Main Capitol Building  
Senate Box 203007  
Harrisburg, PA 17120-3007

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C. Daniel Hassell  
Acting Secretary of Revenue
Report to the General Assembly on the Enhanced Revenue Collection Account

June 1, 2017
Introduction and Background

Act 46 of 2010 created the Enhanced Revenue Collection Account (ERCA). Revenues collected and refunds avoided as a result of expanded tax return review and tax collection activities are earmarked for deposit to the account. Beginning in fiscal year 2010-11, $4.3 million was available to be appropriated annually to the Department of Revenue to cover the administrative costs in increasing tax collection enforcement and reducing tax refund errors. Act 87 of 2012 extended ERCA through fiscal year 2016-17 and increased the appropriation to $10.0 million annually. Act 71 of 2013 extended ERCA through fiscal year 2019-20 and increased the appropriation to $15.0 million annually. Act 126 of 2014 increased the appropriation to $25.0 million annually, maintaining program authorization through fiscal year 2019-20. Per Act 46 of 2010, the balance of the account on June 15, 2011, and each year thereafter must be transferred to the General Fund.

ERCA funding has enabled the department to increase its scrutiny of returns requesting refunds as well as to initiate additional audits and enhanced compliance and collections activities. The Bureau of Corporation Taxes, the Bureau of Individual Taxes, the Bureau of Audits, the Voluntary Disclosure Program, and the Deputate of Compliance and Collections were provided with extra staff and resources, resulting in more audits, more collections activity, and additional tax compliance initiatives.

A summary of prior year performance and revenue follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal Year</th>
<th>Appropriation (millions)</th>
<th>Recovered Revenue (millions)</th>
<th>Refunds Avoided (millions)</th>
<th>Difference from Estimated Revenue (millions)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2010-11</td>
<td>$4.3</td>
<td>$56.7</td>
<td>$26.6</td>
<td>$ -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011-12</td>
<td>$4.3</td>
<td>$80.8</td>
<td>$36.4</td>
<td>$27.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012-13</td>
<td>$10.0</td>
<td>$111.6</td>
<td>$46.1</td>
<td>$57.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013-14</td>
<td>$15.0</td>
<td>$162.2</td>
<td>$69.3</td>
<td>$37.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014-15</td>
<td>$25.0</td>
<td>$250.0</td>
<td>$60.7</td>
<td>$5.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015-16</td>
<td>$25.0</td>
<td>$282.8</td>
<td>$48.2</td>
<td>$21.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Implementation of the Program

The Department of Revenue formed a project team to plan and manage the implementation of Act 46 of 2010. The project team established a goal that any revenue increase or refund reduction amounts reported under the project must be accurate and fully verifiable. System reports are in place in order to track the activities of and revenue enhancements derived from positions funded by ERCA. The following sections provide details on enhanced revenue initiatives and compliance activities in each of the major tax areas.
**Bureau of Corporation Taxes**

The Bureau of Corporation Taxes has filled 13 positions to implement its ERCA initiatives. These positions include Corporation Tax Officers, Corporation Tax Account Technicians and Accounting Assistants. These positions were filled by transferring existing personnel with the requisite expertise, as well as by hiring additional staff.

The Bureau of Corporation Taxes continues to focus on three primary initiatives:

- Enhanced efforts in cursory review of tax returns
- Increased desk reviews of returns
- Increased amended return review

Corporation Tax Account Technicians allow for the dedication of resources to a more thorough review of refunding and potential offsets, while maintaining needed resources in all account maintenance and customer service areas. Corporation Tax Officers provide for the dedication of resources to earlier desk reviews of returns and suspensions of refunds to determine under-reporters.

Most of the Bureau of Corporation Tax costs associated with ERCA implementation are attributable to employee salary and benefits. All data is now queried and tracked from the new Business Tax System.

ERCA implementation by the Bureau of Corporation Taxes was accomplished with minimal or no impact upon taxpayers and other external constituents. No tax forms or website changes were necessary to effect the implementation or maintenance of any of the three primary corporate tax initiatives: enhanced cursory review; increased desk reviews; and increased amended return review.

The implementation of the new Business Tax System provided more robust business rules to verify the accuracy of data captured from a return. The rules are also designed to provide a mechanism to develop scoring strategies for desk review of returns. An ongoing bureau goal is to maximize the effectiveness of the business rules, in combination with improved scoring of returns. The bureau projects an increase in the quantity of returns to review with the expected result of increasing revenue from the review of those returns.

**Bureau of Individual Taxes**

The Bureau of Individual Taxes has filled 34 positions for the Personal Income Tax (PIT) ERCA initiatives. These positions include 26 Tax Examiners, 6 Tax Account Collections Technicians, and 2 PIT Specialists.

The 34 positions have been filled by experienced Tax Examiners from existing personnel, newly-hired employees through referrals from the Bureau of State Employment, and the assignment of other existing personnel in the PIT operations impacted by the Act 46 of 2010 initiative. The position backfills stemming from the assignment of existing staff and the remainder of the new positions were filled by six internal candidates and ten candidate referrals from the Bureau of State Employment.
ERCA funding has enabled the restoration of PIT positions lost through attrition in recent years, reducing the need to make difficult choices between customer service and dedicated enforcement. The Bureau of Individual Taxes has continued to focus on three primary initiatives:

- Enhanced effectiveness of front-end examinations and increased billing and assessment, payment application, and post-assessment enforcement;
- Increased desk examination of specially selected current year returns and the examination of the taxpayers’ prior years’ returns still open for review by statute;
- Introduced expanded criteria and parameters when selecting returns for suspension review.

These three initiatives have allowed the Bureau of Individual Taxes to increase the number of adjustments to taxable income and credits reported by taxpayers, allowing for more equitable enforcement of Pennsylvania’s tax laws.

**Voluntary Disclosure Program**

The Voluntary Disclosure Program provides an opportunity for businesses and individuals who have recently become aware of their Pennsylvania tax obligations to voluntarily come forward and become compliant.

The Voluntary Disclosure Program consists of two positions: a Revenue Research Analyst Manager and a Revenue Research Analyst. These two positions act as program liaisons, carrying out the program’s objectives. The Program focuses on working with taxpayers and tax practitioners to resolve taxpayers’ obligations in a timely and fair manner. In return for coming forward voluntarily, filing all relevant tax returns, and clearing their tax debts, taxpayers are only responsible for the payment of tax and interest.

The Voluntary Disclosure Program is highly successful; for fiscal year 2016-17 through May 2017, the program has collected $24.8 million. The Program also focuses on creating an ongoing relationship with taxpayers and the tax practitioner community to promote better understanding of Pennsylvania tax laws and to ensure future compliance with relevant filing and payment obligations.

**Compliance and Collections**

ERCA funds continue to cover the expense for 268 employees. Included bureaus are Collections and Taxpayer Services; Compliance; Enforcement Planning, Analysis, and Discovery; Criminal Tax Investigations; and Pass Through Business Office positions in the Deputate of Compliance and Collections and the Bureau of Audits. They have been utilized for the following enforcement business units and/or enhanced revenue initiatives:

- Pass Through Entity business review
- Delinquent Collections Call Center Program
- Field Tax Enforcement and Collections
- Sales and Use and Corporation Tax field audits
- Sales, Use and Hotel Occupancy Tax desk review
- Collection Agency Program administration and support
- Business Tax Discovery
- Business Use Tax Voluntary Compliance Initiative
- Skip Tracing Tools and Contracted Services to Locate and Contact Taxpayers
- Data Analytics Framework Assessment and Procurement Planning Assistance

Revenue Fiscal Analysts perform reviews and assessments of complex pass through business entities’ operations and tax returns, as well as the shareholders’ and partners’ returns. As the number and total net income of partnerships and S corporations grow, increased scrutiny of pass through entities becomes more imperative in tax collection efforts.

Revenue Fiscal Analysts also review sole proprietorships and other business entities for sales, use and hotel occupancy tax compliance. Analysts identify non-registrants, non-filers, and under reporters using data matching and data analytic techniques.

Additional Call Center Agents assigned to the Delinquent Call Center Program conducted telephone collection activities of business and individual taxpayers. The step-up in early enforcement contacts enabled the Department of Revenue to resolve delinquent accounts earlier and at lower cost. Call Center Agents also joined the Business Use Tax Voluntary Compliance Initiative, increasing the resources available for bringing businesses into compliance with their use tax obligations.

Tax discovery specialists investigate and add previously unregistered business taxpayers to Pennsylvania business tax rolls. They have had significant successes in bringing many Internet-based remote sellers into compliance with PA sales tax obligations.

Additional Revenue Collection Agents were assigned to Field Tax Enforcement and Collections, allowing the department to increase its direct field audit activities. Personnel also provided administrative support to the Collection Agency Program, which utilizes private collection agencies through the Office of Attorney General. Furthermore, Field Auditors were added to the Field Audit staff, increasing their capacity to conduct on-site audits.

The Department obtains skip tracing services to identify current and accurate contact information for delinquent accounts with no valid phone number and/or an inaccurate mailing address. Use of the skip tracing services to produce better contact data, especially accurate phone numbers, resulted in earlier resolution of and increased collections from delinquent accounts. Results through April 30, 2017, include ERCA revenue generated this fiscal year in excess of $1.6 million.

The personnel investments previously described occurred primarily within existing Compliance and Collections programs and leveraged existing technology and tools. ERCA-funded resources, especially personnel, have permitted a number of enforcement programs and collections systems to be expanded. These programs have included:
• Tax technical consultants have been engaged to provide federal pass through business training, business process improvement, data analysis and case identification services for our Pass Through Business Office. Tax avoidance strategies continue to evolve and our operations need assistance in tracking these trends and planning appropriate compliance program responses.

• A sustained and successful Business Use Tax Voluntary Compliance Initiative. This program educates businesses and their tax preparers regarding the use tax obligations of businesses on taxable purchases in which Pennsylvania sales tax is not collected.

• Detailed private sector business data were acquired from an information service provider. The purchased data, matched with Pennsylvania business taxpayer data, includes demographics, credit and financial viability scores, such as size of business and industry, and confirmed addresses and phone numbers. The use of the bulk data on the EPAD intranet page for individual case investigation should be a significant boost to productivity for collectors, auditors and investigators.

• ERCA funding has allowed the department to implement a program to discover online businesses failing to (1) register, collect, and remit Pennsylvania sales taxes on sales to PA purchasers, and (2) report and pay income tax for their online businesses.

• The department entered into an agreement to participate in the Multistate Tax Commission’s (MTC’s) Joint Audit Program for corporate income and franchise tax audits. Our agency can request audits for consideration and elect to be included in audits selected by the MTC. The MTC Joint Audit Program will produce additional collections and provide for greater audit coverage on behalf of our agency. We also have received nexus training and been involved in technical tax discussions facilitated by the MTC with the states.

To be clear, these activities were not undertaken and tools were not implemented expressly through the ERCA initiative. However, ERCA-funded personnel were responsible for increased and more efficient use, all while assisting the department in sustaining delinquent collections levels.

Summary

ERCA funding has enabled the Department of Revenue to increase its scrutiny of returns requesting refunds, as well as to initiate additional audits resulting in enhanced tax collections. The ERCA program has proven to be a successful investment in departmental operations, as the program returns increases in revenue that far outweigh its administrative costs.

ERCA provided an opportunity for the department to remain productive in tax enforcement programs in the face of attrition in certain key revenue producing positions.
For fiscal year 2016-17 through May 2017, the program generated $269.3 million in recovered tax revenue and $46.0 million in refunds avoided through May 2017; the estimate for the program, $281.4 million for fiscal year 2016-17, was surpassed in April 2017.

For fiscal year 2015-16, the program generated $282.8 million in recovered tax revenue and $48.2 million in refunds avoided, surpassing by $21.0 million the $310.0 million estimate set for the program.

For fiscal year 2014-15, the program generated $250.0 million in recovered tax revenue and $60.7 million in refunds avoided, surpassing by $5.7 million the $305.0 million estimate set for the program.

For fiscal year 2013-14, the program generated $162.2 million in recovered tax revenue and $69.3 million in refunds avoided, surpassing by $37.5 million the $194.0 million estimate set for the program.

For fiscal year 2012-13, the program generated $111.6 million in recovered tax revenue and $46.1 million in refunds avoided, surpassing by $57.6 million the $100.0 million estimate set for the program.

For fiscal year 2011-12, the program generated $80.8 million in recovered tax revenue and $36.4 million in refunds avoided, surpassing by $27.4 million the $89.8 million estimate set for the program.

For fiscal year 2010-11, the program generated $56.7 million in recovered tax revenue and $26.6 million in refunds avoided.

Statistical tables detailing 11 months of ERCA revenue collected through May 2017 are provided below¹:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Costs of Program Implementation</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Salaries and Benefits</td>
<td>$23,690,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Travel Expenses</td>
<td>$350,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Software</td>
<td>$100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Acquisition</td>
<td>$600,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Memberships</td>
<td>$150,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consultant Services</td>
<td>$100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal Services</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Operating Cost</strong></td>
<td><strong>$25,000,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ Figures may not sum to totals due to rounding.
ERCA Revenue

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Additional Revenue Collected</td>
<td>$269,282,898</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Refunds Avoided</td>
<td>$45,960,741</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total ERCA Revenue</strong></td>
<td><strong>$315,243,638</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Collections by Tax Type

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tax Type</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Corporate Net Income</td>
<td>$67,330,675</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital Stock</td>
<td>$396,921</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign Franchise</td>
<td>$318,486</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gross Receipts</td>
<td>$17,266,999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Insurance Premiums</td>
<td>$943,312</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mutual Thrift</td>
<td>$10,912</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sales and Use</td>
<td>$79,218,998</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal Income - Withholding</td>
<td>$4,751,355</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal Income - Annual</td>
<td>$73,964,171</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inheritance</td>
<td>$25,081,069</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Additional Revenue Collected</strong></td>
<td><strong>$269,282,898</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Avoided Refunds by Bureau

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bureau</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Personal Income Tax</td>
<td>$45,960,741</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Refunds Avoided</strong></td>
<td><strong>$45,960,741</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In addition to revenue collected, significant gains continue to be made in the area of tax assessments. Through April 2017, the Bureau of Individual Taxes issued 19,910 PIT assessments for $15,580,582 for fiscal year 2016-17; payments totaling $10,107,316 were received, representing a collection success rate of 64.8 percent. Through April 2017, the Bureau of Corporation Taxes issued $68,096,780 in assessments while collecting $20,029,077. Due to a lengthy appeals process but high rate of collection, those figures can be considered anticipated revenues for the next fiscal year.

There are two operations from the enforcement side of the department performing liability creation: the Bureau of Audits and the Pass Through Business Office. The assessment total for the Bureau of Audits for fiscal year 2016-17, through the end of April 2017, stands at $304,677,923. For fiscal year 2016-17, through early-May 2017, the assessment total for the Pass Through Business Office is $80,980,109.